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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
2	X
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : 20CR115 (ENV)
4	Plaintiff, :
5	-against- : United States Courthouse
6	: Brooklyn, New York
7	RAYMOND KOHUT, :
8	Defendant. : Tuesday, April 6, 2021 : 11:00 a.m.
9	: X
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR PLEADING
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERIC N. VITALIANO UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
12	APPEARANCES:
13	For the Government: MARK LESKO, ESQ.
14	Acting United States Attorney Eastern District of New York
15	271 Cadman Plaza East Brooklyn, New York 11201
16	BY: MARK BÍNÍ, ESQ. ANN BRICKLEY, ESQ.
17	DEREK ETTINGER, ESQ. JON ROBELL, ESQ.
18	ALEJANDRA ARIAS, ESQ. Assistant United States Attorneys
19	For the Defendant: FRIDMAN FELS & SOTO, PLLC
20	2525 Ponce de Leon Blvd, Ste 750 Coral Gables, FL 33134
21	BY:ADAM SETH FELS, ESQ. ANEL VIAMONTES, ESQ.
22	ALEJANDRO SOTO, ESQ.
23	Court Reporter: SOPHIE NOLAN
24	225 Cadman Plaza East/Brooklyn, NY 11201 NolanEDNY@aol.com
25	Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography, transcript produced by Computer-Aided Transcription
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2 Proceedings (Via videoconference.) 1 2 (The Hon. Eric N. Vitaliano, presiding.) 3 (Defendant present.) THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: The Court is now open. 4 The Honorable Eric N. Vitaliano presiding. The case on the 5 calendar is USA versus Raymond Kohut, 21-CR-115 on for a 6 7 guilty plea. 8 Please note that persons granted remote access to 9 proceedings are reminded of the general prohibition against 10 photographing, recording and rebroadcasting of court proceedings. Violation of these prohibitions may result in 11 12 sanctions including removal of court-issued media credentials, 13 restricted entry to future hearings, denial of entry to future 14 hearings or any other sanctions deemed necessary by the Court. 15 Will the court reporter please note her appearance 16 for the record. 17 THE REPORTER: Sophie Nolan. 18 MR. BINI: Mark Bini, Ann Brickley, Derrick, Ettinger, Jon Robell, Alejandra Arias and Adam Schwartz for 19 the United States. 20 21 THE COURT: Good morning Mr. Bini. Did you bring 22 the whole team? 23 MR. BINI: I brought the whole team. 24 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Will counsel for the 25 defendant please note their appearance?

3 Proceedings 1 MR. FELS: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Adam 2 Fels appearing on behalf of Raymond Kohut. With me on the 3 call is my associate, Anel Viamontes and Alejandro Soto. 4 THE COURT: Good morning. You are coming to us from Florida or are you in New York? 5 6 MR. FELS: I am coming to you from Florida. 7 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Would the defendant note his 8 appearance by stating his name on the record. 9 THE DEFENDANT: Raymond Kohut. 10 THE COURT: Good morning to you, Mr. Kohut. 11 THE DEFENDANT: Good morning, Judge. 12 THE COURT: Where are you located this morning? 13 THE DEFENDANT: In Long Island, sir. 14 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Counsel for both sides are present, including defendant. 15 16 Well, good morning all. I don't know if THE COURT: this is exactly what the CARES Act had in mind but we managed 17 18 to jerry the system. I know my brother Sterling Johnson would 19 be very pleased that I am in a park-like setting. I am 20 outside and you will hear outside noises. So no one should be 21 shocked or surprised by that. It could include dogs, geese, 22 babies and all sorts of other things that may be in the 23 neighborhood. But we are, and with the grace of God we are at

People are still suffering and dying and we have an

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the end of this pandemic, but we are not totally at the end.

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administrative order that permits that because of the these extraordinary circumstances to take, among other things, guilty pleas, by video and sometimes audio without rather than all of us being physically at the same location.

Mr. Villanueva told me about your filings. You have all consented to this procedure. We established that orally on the record as we began.

So is my understanding correct, Mr. Fels, Mr. Kohut has no objection to proceeding by way of this video conference this morning?

MR. FELS: Yes, Your Honor. He has no objection. I explained to him his rights in this record and he knowingly and voluntarily waives it.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Bini, is the same true for the Government?

MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor. The Government consents and notes the basketball team that represents the Government includes me here in Brooklyn, but the rest of my partners are out of state. And, in addition, defense counsel for Mr. Kohut, while Mr. Kohut is in Long Island, his defense counsel is in Florida. So, due to the continuing obligations related to travel and entry to the courthouse, we certainly appreciate the Court permitting us to hold this plea by video.

THE COURT: I affirm all of that, and I believe in the interest of justice, to continue to move what has been a

complicated case, to continue to move it along and that includes this particular phase of it involving Mr. Kohut.

So with all of those niceties that are so important to our system and in trying to reserve a sense of normalcy as we go forward, lo these many months, we find that it is in the interest of justice to proceed this morning.

What we are proceeding to, as I understand it

Mr. Fels is that Mr. Kohut will be entering a plea of guilty
to an Information; is that correct?

MR. FELS: That is correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And that being the case, we shall begin with Mr. Villanueva swearing Mr. Kohut.

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Mr. Kohut raise your right hand: Do you solemnly swear or affirm that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

(Witness sworn/affirmed.)

THE COURT: Mr. Kohut, I must ask you a number of questions before I can accept your guilty plea. These questions are designed to assure me that you understand the charge against you, that you understand the consequences of pleading guilty to that charge, that you understand the rights that you would be waiving by pleading guilty, that your decision to waive those rights and plead guilty is not only

6 Proceedings 1 knowing, but it is also voluntary. And, lastly, you are going 2 to have to give me, under oath, answers when I ask you 3 questions facts that show indeed you are guilty of the charge 4 to which you plead guilty. 5 Therefore, the questions are important, and to the extent you either do not hear them or do not understand them, 6 7 please let me know and I will repeat or rephrase them for you. 8 Do you understand that? 9 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, Your Honor. Yes, I do. 10 THE COURT: Now at this stage of a criminal proceeding, like in all others in the United States, you are 11 12 you entitled to be represented by competent counsel. If you 13 could not afford counsel, counsel would be appointed for you. On the call of the calendar this morning, Mr. Fels has 14 15 indicated to me that he is your lead counsel for this case. 16 Is Mr. Fels your lead counsel for this case? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Mr. Fels is lead counsel, Your 18 Honor, yes. 19 MR. FELS: Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: And that means that at any point during 21 this hearing, Mr. Kohut, if you need to speak with him you 22 will please let me know and you will be permitted to speak to 23 him without any penalty whatsoever; do you understand that? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor. Thank you. 25 THE COURT: All right. Now, you also took an oath

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1	to tell the truth. So that means that if you answer any of
2	the questions put to you at this hearing falsely, regardless
3	of who might ask the question, then those answers can be used
4	against you later in a separate prosecution for the crimes of
5	perjury or for making a false statement. Do you understand
6	that?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Now, with all of those understandings we
9	are going to back up to the beginning and I am going to ask
10	you to place on the record your full name.
11	THE DEFENDANT: Raymond Kohut.
12	THE COURT: And Mr. Kohut, how old are you?
13	THE DEFENDANT: 68.
14	THE COURT: And what is the last grade you completed
15	in school?
16	THE DEFENDANT: An MBA at Thunderbird in Phoenix,
17	Arizona. It was in 1988, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: It was a good year, I think.
19	THE DEFENDANT: I thought it was.
20	THE COURT: It's a while ago, so. Not everybody
21	around here, I'm sure, can even remember it too much.
22	But let me also ask you, are you currently or have
23	you recently been under the care of a medical doctor?
24	THE DEFENDANT: I take high blood pressure pills,
25	and I saw a doctor last week and I'll be seeing a heart doctor

	Proceedings 8
1	in May, and I have a heart examination in two weeks since I
2	have heart disease in my family.
3	THE COURT: I know you can't tell from the color of
4	my hair, but welcome to the club. It comes with age and it is
5	good to keep on top of these things.
6	THE DEFENDANT: Thank you for asking, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Well, the reason why we ask these
8	questions is it's important for the Court to understand what
9	you might be laboring under because, at the end of the day, I
10	have to make an assessment whether or not what you tell me by
11	the time we get to the end of this hearing is that you
12	actually know and are capable of understanding the waivers
13	that you make. So it's important to know someone's health.
14	And, like the next question, which is are you currently or
15	have you recently been under the care of a psychiatrist?
16	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: In the last 24 hours have you taken any
18	narcotic drugs?
19	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: In the last 24 hours have you taken
21	medications of any kind?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, my blood pressure pills.
23	THE COURT: Okay. In the last 24 hours have you
24	consumed any alcoholic beverages?
25	THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or treated for any mental illness? THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not, Your Honor. THE COURT: And have you ever been hospitalized or treated for any addictions to drugs or alcohol? THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not, Your Honor. THE COURT: As you appear today in court by the video hookup, is your mind clear? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: And you understand what's going on about you? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: All right. Now, Mr. Fels, have you had a full and fair opportunity to discuss this case with Mr. Kohut? MR. FELS: I have, Your Honor. THE COURT: And based on your conversations with him, do you believe that he understands the nature of these proceedings? MR. FELS: I do, Your Honor. THE COURT: Do you believe he understands the nature of the rights that he would be waiving by pleading guilty? MR. FELS: Yes, Your Honor. I have explained to him his rights and he does understand them. Your Honor.		Proceedings 9
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The figures and no door and order and thom, four monor i	24	his rights and he does understand them, Your Honor.
THE COURT: And based on your interactions with him,	25	THE COURT: And based on your interactions with him,

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1	do you believe that Mr. Kohut is competent to enter a plea of
2	any kind at this time?
3	MR. FEL: Yes, Your Honor, I do. He is competent.
4	THE COURT: And in your interactions with him, have
5	you discussed the maximum sentence and fine that can be
6	imposed in this case?
7	MR. FELS: I have, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: And have you also discussed with him the
9	operation of the sentencing guidelines in the context of
10	recent court decisions?
11	MR. FELS: Yes, I have Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kohut, Mr. Fels tells me
13	he believes that he has had a full and fair opportunity to
14	discuss your case with you. Do you believe that you have had
15	a full and fair opportunity to discuss your case with him?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: And are you satisfied with the
18	representation and advice you have received?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Now, Mr. Bini, I'm going to ask you to
21	place on the record the charge or charges to which it is
22	anticipated that Mr. Kohut will enter a plea of guilty.
23	MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor.
24	The defendant is charged with a single count of
25	conspiracy to commit money laundering in violation of Title 18

11 Proceedings U.S. Code, Section 1956-H. 1 2 THE COURT: And the period of time and venue? MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor. It's for the time 3 4 period from approximately 2012 to August 2020 in the Eastern 5 District and elsewhere. And in brief, the defendant is charged with working for a European energy trading company 6 7 with subsidiaries in the United States and elsewhere that's 8 referred to in the Information as "Trading Company." 9 The defendant and others are charged as being part 10 of a bribery and money laundering conspiracy, to among other 11 things pay more than \$22 million in bribes to Ecuadorian 12 government officials and winning business related to the 13 purchase of oil products from the state-owned and controlled 14 company in Ecuador call Petroecuador. 15 Now, Mr. Kohut, is that charge or among THE COURT: 16 the charges that you discussed with Mr. Fels? 17 Yes, Your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 18 THE COURT: And do you understand that charge? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that 21 charge? 22 THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: And was a copy of that charge presented 24 to you in writing for you to review? THE DEFENDANT: I believe it was, Your Honor. I 25

12 Proceedings 1 believe it was, yes. 2 Adam, can you confirm that? 3 MR. FELS: Yes. Yes, it was, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: It was probably in what's called an Information? 5 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, that's correct, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Now, I am going to talk to you. 8 Have you talked to Mr. Fels about an Information or pleading to an Information? 9 10 THE DEFENDANT: We have reviewed the document, Your 11 Honor. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Now, let me tell you something 13 about why we pause to talk about this. One of these things, 14 as I said to you earlier, we go over your rights, the rights 15 that you waive by pleading guilty. One of the rights that you 16 have is the right to be prosecuted by way of a grand jury 17 Felonies ordinarily are -- prosecution will begin indictment. 18 when the grand jury considers evidence and reports a bill of 19 indictment and that would start the prosecution. 20 Constitutional right to have the grand jury process. 21 It's also a right that a defendant can waive. The 22 defendant can waive a grand jury indictment and accept 23 prosecution by way of a criminal Information that is filed by 24 the United States attorney. 25 So let's go over what all of that means. A grand

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jury you may be familiar with is a body of citizens that are selected in a court proceeding. There can be no more than 23 of them, there must be at least 16 of them, and before an indictment can be voted, there must be 12 who agree on voting the true bill of indictment. And what happens? Once a grand jury is convened, the prosecutor can appear and present evidence, evidence that would show to the satisfaction of the grand jury that a crime has been committed and that a particular person, upon the evidence that they present, is the person who perpetrated the crime, and if a quorum of 12 believes and finds that way, then the indictment is voted and the prosecution begins.

So today we are laboring under the understanding that you will be waiving that process and pleading to an Information, but we also have to consider what would happen if you changed your mind between now and the next few minutes, and did not want to proceed by way of Information.

Well, at that point the Government has a choice to The Government may present evidence to a grand jury and then the grand jury would consider that evidence and they may or may not vote to indict you, but this is what is certain, if you waive your right to grand jury indictment and proceed by way of Information, you will be prosecuted just as if the grand jury had voted an indictment on this charge.

Do you understand that?

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	Proceedings 14
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: And you've discussed your options with
3	Mr. Fels, as I understand you?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Fels, do you know of any reason why
6	Mr. Kohut should not accept prosecution by way of Information?
7	MR. FELS: I do not, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: And Mr. Kohut, what is your decision?
9	Do you wish to accept prosecution by way of Information and
10	waive your right to grand jury indictment?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: And I understand, and Mr. Villanueva,
13	will confirm this for me, that a written waiver is in your
14	possession?
15	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: That is correct, Judge. It
16	is signed by the defendant and defendant's attorney as well.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Kohut, you confirm that you did, in
18	fact, sign that document?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Fels, did you sign it or one of your
21	colleagues sign it?
22	MR. FELS: I signed it, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: All right. The Court finds that the
24	waiver has been voluntarily accepted by the defendant and that
25	he voluntarily accepts with full knowledge prosecution by way

of Information.

Where do we go from here? Well, we have got some more rights to discuss. Mr. Kohut, merely because you signed and waived your rights to grand jury indictment, doesn't mean that you have to plead guilty to the Information. Nothing else changes, so what does that mean? Well, that means that the Government still has an obligation to establish your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt through evidence that is credible.

Now, the prosecutor may not, or perhaps cannot, meet his burden of proof, and if that were to be the case, then a jury considering the charges would be obligated to find you not guilty even if you are guilty. So what does that mean? Well, that means that even if you are guilty, you still have a choice. It is up to you to decide what to do, not your lawyer or anyone else. You may plead guilty, as you apparently wish to do, or you may plead not guilty and let the Government through its proof establish your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And if you did plead not guilty, you would be entitled to a speedy and public trial on the charges set forth in the information. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. Yes.

THE COURT: But by pleading guilty, you are relieving the Government of its obligation to establish your

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16 Proceedings guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Now, at any trial you would be presumed 4 innocent. You would not have to prove that you were innocent. 5 It's the Government's burden to overcome that presumption and prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand 6 7 that? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Now, at the trial the witnesses for the 10 Government would have to come into open court, testify in your 11 Those witnesses could be brought and examined by 12 your lawyer. Your lawyer could object to evidence being 13 offered by the Government. Your lawyer could raise defenses 14 on your behalf and could even call witnesses that you could compel to testify, even if they did not want to testify. 15 16 you understand that? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: But by pleading guilty you are giving up 19 your right to confront the witnesses who testify against you. 20 You give up your right to raise defenses or offer proof on 21 your own behalf. Do you understand that? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: At the trial, that proof could include 24 you taking the stand and by testifying on your own behalf. 25 you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But you could not be forced to take the witness stand. A defendant in a criminal court in the United States cannot be forced to take the witness stand and say anything that could be used against him to show that he is guilty of the crime with which he has been charged. This is called your right against self-incrimination. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. But by pleading guilty, you are admitting your guilt and you give up your right against self-incrimination. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And Mr. Kohut, it actually goes beyond that, as I indicated at the very top of the hearing. Not only will you be giving up your right against self-incrimination, but you will be obliged to tell me facts that, in fact, incriminate you, that show that you are in fact guilty of the charge to which you plead guilty. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, if you do offer your plea of guilty and I accept it, you will be giving up all of the rights I have just discussed with you. There will be no trial of any kind. I will simply enter a judgment based on your guilty plea. Do you understand that?

Proceedings 18 Yes, Your Honor. 1 THE DEFENDANT: 2 Now, Mr. Bini, is there Appellate waiver THE COURT: 3 in this plea deal? 4 MR. BINI: There is, Your Honor. It's set at 240 months. 5 THE COURT: All right. Now, what is this business 6 7 of an appellate waiver? It's simply this, Mr. Kohut: If you 8 were to go to trial and the jury were to find you guilty, then 9 you could appeal both the conviction and any sentence that I 10 impose, but by agreeing to a plea agreement that contains an 11 appellate waiver you will be giving up your right to challenge 12 or appeal the conviction or all or part of any sentence that I 13 impose, or to attack the conviction or the sentence later on 14 in a collateral proceeding. Do you understand that? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Now, with all of those understandings it is still your intent to offer a plea of guilty; is that 17 18 correct? 19 That's correct, Your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 20 THE COURT: Then we will proceed on that, and as I 21 understand it from Mr. Villanueva, there is a signed plea 22 agreement as well? 23 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: There is, Your Honor. THE COURT: And I am sure Mr. Villanueva has marked 24 25 it and, if not, it will be marked as Court Exhibit 1.

	Proceedings 19
1	And, Mr. Kohut, you said you signed it; correct?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
3	THE COURT: And, Mr. Fels, you've signed it as well?
4	MR. FELS: I have, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: And Mr. Bini, who signed for the
6	Government?
7	MR. BINI: I signed it, Your Honor, along with David
8	C. Pitluck of my office, and Derrick Ettinger signed it.
9	Another attorney from the section, David M. Fuhr, signed it;
10	and Ann Brickley signed it along with Mary Butler, also from
11	the Department of Justice from the MLARS section. Money
12	laundering and asset recovery section, MLARS.
13	THE COURT: We have a lot of cosigners today.
14	MR. BINI: Yes, we do, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Now, Mr. Kohut, before you signed
16	that plea agreement, did you discuss it with Mr. Fels?
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, we did yes, I did, Your
18	Honor.
19	THE COURT: And did you read it yourself?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely, yes.
21	THE COURT: And you signed it when you signed it,
22	did you understand it?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Do you understand it now?
25	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.

	Proceedings 20
1	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about it now?
2	THE DEFENDANT: No. No, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: And this is the only agreement or
4	understanding that you have with the Government about this
5	case?
6	THE DEFENDANT: As I understand, yes.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Well, that is what is important.
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Now, Mr. Fels, you reviewed this
10	thoroughly with Mr. Kohut?
11	MR. FELS: I did, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: And based on your conversations with
13	him, as you went over it with him, did you believe he
14	understood the document?
15	MR. FELS: I do, Your Honor. I do believe he
16	understood the document.
17	THE COURT: And do you believe when he signed it did
18	he did so voluntary?
19	MR. FELS: Yes, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: And to the best of your information and
21	belief, other than this plea agreement, there is no other
22	agreement or deal that Mr. Kohut has with the Government about
23	this case?
24	MR. FELS: That is correct, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: So let me move on again.

Proceedings

Mr. Kohut, similar to what we have done in other aspects, I know that you and Mr. Fels have already done this privately, but it's important to go over the highlights of the potential consequences of your plea in public, on the record, to assure me and perhaps other judges reading the record later that your decision to enter into the agreement was knowing and voluntary. What we want to do now is go over what we call the possible consequences of the plea, and with Mr. Bini's assistance, we will do just that. The first area of inquiry is the possibility of imprisonment.

And what's the minimum and maximum on this charge?

MR. BINI: Your Honor, there is a minimum penalty of zero years imprisonment, so no minimum penalty, but there is a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years in prison.

THE COURT: All right. So that translates to the sentence will be somewhere between zero and 240 months; is that correct?

MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And do you understand that to be the case, Mr. Kohut?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Now there is also, one of the other potential consequences is what's known as supervised release. Supervised release refers to that period of time following any period of imprisonment. A defendant who has

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22 Proceedings been imprisoned who will be released from jail on supervised 1 2 release with certain terms and conditions of release, and if 3 during a period of supervised release that defendant were to 4 violate one of the terms and conditions, well, then that defendant could be sentenced back to prison for additional 5 6 jail time. Do you understand that? 7 THE DEFENDANT: I do, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Mr. Bini, is this the standard zero to 9 three on supervised release? 10 MR. BINI: That's correct, Your Honor. So in this particular case, Mr. Kohut, 11 THE COURT: 12 the sections of law that apply sets the minimum term at zero 13 and the maximum term of supervised release as three years. So 14 the Court will impose a period of supervision of zero to three 15 years and if during that term you were to violate one of the 16 terms of the conditions of release, you could be sent back to prison for two additional years without credit for any time 17 18 previously served in prison or time previously served on 19 supervised release. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 20 21 THE COURT: Now, it's about to get more complicated 22 at this point when we ask about the provision that deals with 23 fines. How does it read, Mr. Bini? MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor. The greater of \$500,000 24

or twice the value of the monetary instruments or funds

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	Proceedings 23
1	involved in the transactions and in this particular case, Your
2	Honor, that second part of the maximum may apply and there was
3	more than \$22 million in bribes that were paid to officials as
4	part of the money laundering conspiracy. And so the
5	Government thinks that that fine amount to be twice that.
6	THE COURT: Which would be 44 million?
7	MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Okay. That's the potential. Whether or
9	not that would be Constitutional, that would be an issue that
10	I am sure we would hear Mr. Fels speak to at an appropriate
11	time. But as far as issues to confront, Mr. Kohut, that would
12	be the potential consequence. Do you understand that?
13	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Mr. Bini told me prior to the hearing
15	that I believe there is some further understanding on the
16	issue of forfeiture; is that correct?
17	MR. BINI: Yes. The defendant has agreed to
18	criminal forfeiture in the amount of \$2,200,000 as set forth
19	in his agreement with the Government.
20	THE COURT: And there's some timing on this as well
21	as I understand it?
22	MR. BINI: That's correct, Your Honor. The
23	defendant is required to pay \$1 million within 30 days of his
24	guilty plea and the balance of the forfeiture funds are due at
25	the time of sentencing, Your Honor.

	Proceedings 24
1	THE COURT: Mr. Kohut, is that your understanding as
2	well?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: And you did voluntarily agree to that?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right. Besides the fine and
7	forfeiture, there is also, I presume, a mandatory restitution
8	requirement?
9	MR. BINI: Your Honor, there is an agreement and the
10	defendant was placed on notice by the Government that he would
11	owe restitution if that is determined by the Court as
12	applicable here. Based upon the Government's knowledge of the
13	case thus far, we do not know of any restitution obligations
14	thus far. However, if some victim came forward and it was
15	found to be a victim or the party turned out to be a victim,
16	it is possible.
17	THE COURT: So you understand that that's an open
18	question, Mr. Kohut, that we really can't answer today, but
19	there was an open-ended restitution obligation?
20	THE DEFENDANT: I understand, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: All right. And there is also a special
22	statutory assessment that the Court must impose of not less
23	than \$100. Do you understand that?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Now, are you a citizen of the United

Proceedings 25 States, Mr. Kohut? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: No, I am not, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: So as a result of your plea, you could 4 be deported to -- excluded, deported or removed from the 5 United States. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Mr. Bini, have I overlooked any other 8 potential consequences? 9 MR. BINI: No, Your Honor. You have touched on all 10 of the consequences that are set out in the parties' 11 agreement. 12 THE COURT: And I just want to -- I call it the 13 potential consequences but they are somewhat open-ended. The 14 one thing that is not open-ended, Mr. Kohut, is simply this: That Appellate waiver is part of the deal and essentially 15 16 because the waiver is set at the maximum, that effectively you 17 are giving up your right to appeal your conviction and 18 sentence. Do you understand that? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: And you are also giving up your right to 21 challenge it in a collateral proceeding later. Do you 22 understand that? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Okay. What comes next is the process of 25 sentencing itself and I want to go over that with you.

26

begins with the work of the United States Probation Office. 2

3 into the charges and a separate investigation into your life,

The Probation Department will begin a separate investigation

4 whether your business, your health, your education, whether

5 you have a prior criminal record and every other aspect of

your life, and make a report to you and Mr. Fels and to

Mr. Bini and to me, what they find in their pre-sentence

investigation.

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Also included in that report will be the Probation Department calculation of what the sentencing guidelines show. And the sentencing guidelines are promulgated, the guidelines are promulgated by the United States Sentencing Commission. They pinpoint a specific sentence for any given crime. They refer to factors that lead the Court to depart or vary from that point, either upwardly or downwardly.

Now, these guidelines are no longer mandatory, but they do remain advisory so that in determining what your sentence will be, the Court will take, as is required, advice from the guidelines. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, as I say, Probation will begin its work and work its way to that computation among its other findings and no one can predict with precision what the Probation Department will find and certainly not even I can predict what I will do with that recommendation at the time of

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sentence, but we can predict this: It will be in the report that is sent to you and to Mr. Fels and to the Government. After everyone has had an opportunity to digest that violation report we will schedule a date for another hearing. God willing, we should be all physically present in the same room, I would pray, but as they say, if you want to make God smile, tell him you have a plan. So wherever it is that we gather, when we gather, then the process will be the same. And that process will begin with the lawyers making their argument to me as to what the Sentencing Guideline should be, and I will make a determination as to what the guidelines are in this case.

Having done that, we will then proceed to the sentencing process itself, which is controlled by another section of law, Title 18 U.S. Code section 3553(a), which sets forth the objectives, standards and goals for a court to achieve its sentencing of a defendant. Nothing too earth-shattering. It's probably the kinds of things that an average citizen would expect the Court to do.

One of the objectives, of course, is to assess what the crime is and the more serious the crime then the guidelines say, the 3553(a) is essentially the more serious the punishment and that there ought to be an aspect of punishment in sentencing, imposing something that hurts and in the modern era that something is usually the taking of time

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when someone is put in a custodial situation and that's what works.

This also works into another obligation imposed on the Court which is to impose a sentence that promotes respect for the law. Congress passes these laws and attaches penalties to them so if the Courts weren't imposing those penalties, there weren't be much respect for the law. So that remains a concern. That also dives into the concept that it should hurt, that punishment should hurt enough so that it teaches the defendant not to do it again. I refer to that as the hot stove aspect.

There's also an aspect of general deterrence. If someone is punished as an example, it says to the public at large basically don't do what this defendant did because the punishment that's been visited on him will ultimately be visited on you. So there is an aspect of general deterrence.

There is also a concern at times for incapacitation; that a defendant may be so dangerous to the community, to society sat large they have to be put away and kept away from society. And there is also a concern for rehabilitation for the most part. Not in every sentencing, but for the most part people who are sent to jail come out of jail and so there is a concern for reentry; that a defendant is going to reenter society and that he or she has the ability to more likely succeed legally on reentry.

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And there is also instructions that treat individual characteristics of the defendant and in a way it should read on a sentence. And there is also a command that after the court were to balance all of these factors that the Court impose a sentence that is no harsher than necessary to achieve the sentencing objectives. Do you understand the process of sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Now, as I indicated to you, no one can predict with precision what the Sentencing Guidelines are going to recommend in this case. The lawyers can look at the facts and make an assessment or guess as to what the guidelines are likely to be.

Mr. Bini, has the Government made any assessment of what the guidelines are likely to be in this case?

MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor. The Government calculates the total offense level at a 42, minus the three points for acceptance of responsibility at a 39, which would recommend a guideline sentence of 262 to 327 months. Here, because the single count is a 20 year statutory maximum, the recommendation would be 240 months.

The reason for the Government's calculation is we looked first to 2S1.1A1 for money laundering and then to the offenses that were involved, the SUAs in this money laundering conspiracy, violations of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

	Proceedings 30
1	and the bribery laws of Ecuador.
2	So from 2(s)1.1 we looked to 2C1.1(a), which
3	establishes a base offense level of 12. There is an
4	enhancement for more than \$9.5 million in bribes of 20 points.
5	There's an enhancement for more than one bribe of two points.
6	There is an enhancement the Government calculates of four
7	points for involvement of a high-level public official in the
8	country of Ecuador. There's an enhancement now back under the
9	money laundering guideline 2S1.1(a)(b) for a conviction under
10	Title 18 U.S. Code section 1956. That's a two-point
11	enhancement and then the Government calculates a two-point
12	enhancement for sophisticated money laundering.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MR. FELS: Your Honor, would you mind if we just had
15	a slight break so I could speak with my client for just a
16	moment?
17	THE COURT: Absolutely.
18	MR. FELS: We will be back in just a few minutes.
19	THE COURT: We will recess.
20	(Pause in proceedings.)
21	THE COURT: Mr. Fels, have you had a chance to
22	confer with Mr. Kohut?
23	MR. FELS: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: And we are ready to proceed?
25	MR. FELS: We are Your Honor.

THE COURT: I believe where we broke off, I was going to ask you if you made any computation as to what the guidelines would show.

MR. FELS: Your Honor, we're going to obviously preserve our objections to some of the guidelines that the Government believes, but that's at a later point.

THE COURT: Mr. Kohut, I was asking counsel about this just so that you have advice, that you have in mind. The fact of the matter is that if all of their computations were to prove erroneous, it wouldn't matter. It wouldn't give you the right to withdraw later the plea that you would enter now. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, we sort of actually -- you have actually done one of the things I was going to ask if you wanted to do. Again, I want to ask if there's anything, any questions that you have, anything that was done at the hearing, you can ask them on the record. I will try to answer them on the record. The court reporter will take them down. If you need to speak further with Mr. Fels and other counsel, I would give you time for that, but if you don't need time for either of those two things, then I will simply move to take your plea. Do you need additional time or are you ready to plead now?

THE DEFENDANT: I am ready now, Your Honor.

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	Proceedings 32
1	THE COURT: Mr. Fels, do you know of any reason why
2	Mr. Kohut should not plead guilty at this time?
3	MR. FELS: I do not Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Are you aware of any viable legal
5	defense to the charge?
6	MR. FELS: Your Honor, we have talked about legal
7	defenses, we have gone over them I have gone over them with
8	Mr. Kohut and we have discussed our various strategies and we
9	have agreed and the client, Mr. Kohut, has agreed that this is
10	the appropriate posture taken and he is ready and willing to
11	plead guilty to the Information, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: All right. Then we will turn to that.
13	Mr. Kohut, with respect to the one count in the
14	Information what is your plea, guilty or not guilty?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Kohut, are you pleading guilty
17	freely and voluntarily of your own free will?
18	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Has anyone forced you or threatened you
20	to plead guilty?
21	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Has anyone promised you anything to
23	induce you to plead guilty other than the promises that are
24	set forth in the plea agreement that was marked as Court
25	Exhibit 1?

Proceedings 33 1 THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises to you as 3 to what your final sentence will be? 4 THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Now, you may recall a couple of times 5 throughout the hearing I mentioned that there would come a 6 7 point when either in answers to questions or the reading of a 8 narrative, you would have to tell me facts under oath that 9 show that you are guilty to the charge to which you have plead 10 guilty. We have now reached that point. 11 Mr. Fels, I don't know if you have arranged for 12 question and answer, but now is the time for allocution. 13 MR. FELS: Mr. Kohut does have a statement that he 14 can read for the record. 15 THE COURT: That is fine. 16 Mr. Kohut, please proceed. 17 THE DEFENDANT: So, Your Honor, from approximately 18 2012 to August 2020, I worked in the Bahamas for a trading 19 company handling business development as an employee and 20 independent contractor. Beginning around 2012 and continuing 21 to about August 2020, I agreed to participate in a scheme with 22 Consultant 1 and 2 and two of my supervisors in the trading 23 company, trading company employees No. 1 and No. 2, to pay 24 bribes to foreign officials in Ecuador through Consultant No.

1 and No. 2, to assist trading company in winning business

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related to the purchase of oil products from Ecuador state owned and controlled oil company, Petroecuador.

I facilitated, promoted and concealed a bribery scheme. I assisted in engaging Consultant No. 1 and No. 2 through consulting agreements that did not include the true purpose of their engagements. I also received the invoices from the consultants, verified the payment amounts and sent invoices along the approval chain at trading company, facilitating the payment to Consultant No. 1 and No. 2 of many millions of dollars knowing that the consultants would use a portion of the money to bribe Ecuadorian officials on behalf of the trading company.

Some of the transactions moved from bank overseas including Singapore through the United States including through the Eastern District of New York and to the consultants' accounts outside the United States. I had several meetings in the United States in furtherance of the bribery scheme including one of my supervisor's trading company and the consultants to discuss certain of the contracts to which bribes will be paid and to meeting with a Petroecuador official, Ecuador Official No. 1, knowing that he would be receiving bribes as part of the scheme. I knew what I was doing was wrong and illegal.

End of statement, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Bini, did we catch all of the

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elements?

MR. BINI: Yes, Your Honor, the Government believes that that satisfies all of the elements including venue.

THE COURT: That being the case, the Court is satisfied as well. Mr. Kohut, the Court finds based on your allocution and your statement under oath today; that you understand the charge against you; that you understand the consequences of pleading guilty to that charge; that you understand your rights; that you understand the rights that you waive by pleading guilty; that your decision to waive those rights is not only knowing and voluntary; and that finally that you have provided in your allocutions under oath the facts that show that you are guilty of the charge to which you have pleaded guilty.

Therefore, I accept your plea of guilt to the one count of the Information. I won't set a sentencing date at this time, Mr. Kohut, but after Probation has completed the work that we've discussed on the record and counsel has had a chance to review the report, we will set a sentencing date.

I assume, Mr. Fels, whenever Probation reaches out to Mr. Kohut, you wish to be notified and to be present in some way?

MR. FELS: I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And the record will record that.

Is there anything else we need to address?

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Proceedings
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              MR. BINI: Not for the Government. Thank you, Your
 2
    Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: How about for you, Mr. Fels; is there
    anything we need to address from the defense?
 4
              MR. FELS: No, Your Honor.
5
 6
              THE COURT: That being the case, good luck to you
 7
    Mr. Kohut?
8
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Thank you.
              THE COURT: You are welcome. We will reconvene
9
    somehow and some way. With the help of the Lord hopefully we
10
11
    will get the pandemic over. Have a good day, everyone.
12
              MR. BINI: Thank you, Your Honor.
              MR. FELS: Thank you.
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               (Matter adjourned.)
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